BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

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Daily Whig and Courier.
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BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.

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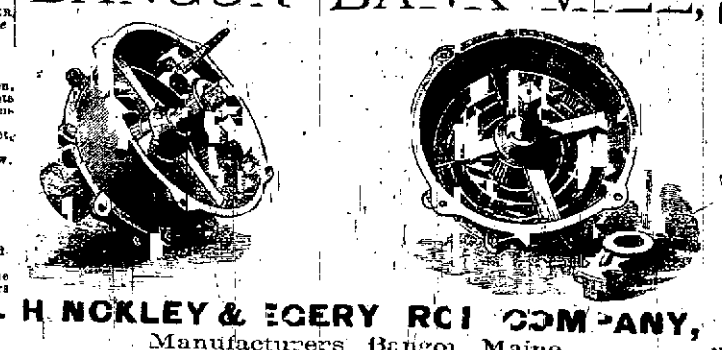

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A LARGE STOCK OF
Bonnets, Hats and Winter Millinery, that must be sold at some price. Ladies, improve the opportunity.
19 Main Street. C. W. COFFIN.

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Cheapest and Best. Odorless and Absolutely Safe!
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LARGE STOCK
OF
Hand Sleds,
Will be sold out at Cost.

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FILES!---FILES!

Now is the Time to Sharpen Up
and get ready for business. I have on hand
1000 DOZEN FILES
And am selling off 150 dozen per week, which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices.
Old Files Recut as usual.
JOB COLLETT--- Exchange St.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
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Mixed Nuts, Nuts that are Not Mixed, Nuts Waiting to be Mixed, at
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AND
GENERAL TRADE
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Having purchased the building,
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ALL KINDS OF PLAIN & FANCY CRACKERS
Butter and Milk Crackers, Soda Biscuit, Common Crackers, Ship Bread, Pilot Bread and Oyster Crackers.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
of Boston, on the 31st of December, 188

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SOLVENT.
Removes Corns, Bunions, Callous and Warts.
Price 25c a Bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
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New Furniture and Upholstery Work,
AT LOW PRICES by
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For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half-square, one time	75
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Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

THE DEAF MUTE WILL CASE.

A Will Made by Pantomime.

WILL SUSTAINED—THE STENOGRAPHER'S REPORT.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier:

MACHIAS, Jan. 14, 1882.

My last letter, sketching the case of Jacob Foster and wife, appellants, from decree of Judge of Probate, disallowing will of Horatio N. Foster, a deaf mute, seems to call for a supplement, giving its close; and the amount involved, some $7000, the novelty and importance, as well as the great local interest of the case requires a fuller statement.

THE TRIAL.

The trial occupied six days, of which the opening statements of John F. Lynch of Machias, for the will, and C. B. Rounds of Calais, against it, occupied some six hours. The closing argument of A. McNichol, of Calais, against the will, and Herbert M. Heath, of Augusta, in support of the will, occupied some five hours each.

The charge of Judge Peters was about an hour in length.

Hon. John C. Talbot, of East Machias, originally of counsel before the Probate Court, being necessarily a witness in the case, could not under a recent rule of Court, take an active part in the trial, and Mr. Rounds was called to make the opening statement, which, in despite of the short notice for preparation was clear and able.

THE PROPERTY.

Some three years since, Clarissa B. Foster, widow and legatee of Hon. Stephen C. Foster, of Pembroke, died leaving an estate of nearly $50,000 in bonds, shipping, etc., disposed of by her will in 1877, dividing it equally among six persons, her sister Susan Marsh and her five brothers, Alfred, Samuel F., Horatio N., (a deaf mute), Andrew, and Jacob. In the meantime Mrs. Marsh had died; her son, Samuel W. had received by the terms of the will, his mother's share, and successfully objected to the Executor's paying over to Horatio N., (the deaf mute), his share. On account of this action of Marsh, Jacob and Andrew procured the appointment of a guardian for Horatio, themselves signing a petition to the Probate Court declaring him incompetent to manage his estate. It appeared in evidence that it was the oral wish of Clarissa and two of her brothers, that Horatio's share should go directly to him and that he and his brother Jacob, with whom he had lived for thirty years, should enjoy it, and that after Horatio's death it should go to Jacob.

When Horatio found that the other legatees had received their shares from Mr. Hobart, the Executor, and that his was withheld to be divided after his death, he was very indignant, and was only appeased by Jacob's putting some of his own bonds into an envelope with his, (Horatio's), name upon it, and his being made to believe the bonds were a part of his share.

THE DEAF MUTE.

Horatio N. Foster, the testator in this case, was a deaf mute, who could neither read, write, (except his own name), nor use the deaf and dumb alphabet. He had however learned to recognize the written names of all the members of the family. When the will was made, March 3, 1880, eleven days before his death, he was seventy-six years old, and for three months had been suffering from paralysis of the right arm and leg.

He was not a congenital deaf mute, but lost his hearing when three years old, and in consequence of that, the most of what little speech he had acquired. He belonged to an intellectual family, and was akin to the leading families of what one of the counsel called "the ancient and aristocratic town of East Machias." He was a man of fine physique, six feet tall, with a head indicative of intellect.

METHOD OF COMMUNICATION.

Ideas were communicated to him by pantomime and words. By long practice, he had learned to read many words upon the lips, by watching intently the lips and face of the party talking to him. In response he used imitative signs, and partially pronounced a few words. Most of his language was pantomimic. For instance, *a week*, the motion of prayer, (one Sunday or praying day); *a year*, the imitation of reaping; *wife*, the arm in a position to be taken by a woman and a kiss; *money*, the circular shape of a dollar on the palm; to distinguish silver money, he touches his white cuff, collar or shirt. One witness, Warren Huntley, a good imitator, relieved the seriousness of the trial, and excited the risibles of all by his reproduction of Horatio's pantomime of various animals, such as a bear, fox, pig, etc. His fox was a veritable Reynard, ears, nose and long bushy tail.

HIS MENTAL POWERS.

His skill in farming, to plan and work, was far above the average. In mechanical work he was a genius. Carpentry, gun work, cobbling, mason work, lock work, blacksmithing, turning, coopering, wagon work, repairing clocks, manufacturing churns, tubs, sleds, etc., in all these his skill was wonderful. In invention, many of his ideas would have been patentable. As a man he seemed to have all the moral and religious ideas common to men.

Once, wishing to make a padlock of his perfectly safe, he took out the post and put a one projecting an inch, and then bored out the key to correspond; then, fearing some one might discover the secret of the key, he put a shoulder on the post, inside the lock, invisible and almost undiscoverable.

Were a tool wanted he made it. Planes of all kinds, carpenter's tools, bits, augers, etc. were exhibited, some of them of perfect workmanship. He made every part, cutting tools and all.

EXECUTION OF THE WILL.

In the making of the will six witnesses, including his brother Andrew, Dr. Johnson, of East Machias, and Dr. Hunter, of Machias, were present. A copy of his sister's will, from whom he inherited his property of $7,000, and a package of bonds, used as a symbol of the property, were laid on the table. Pointing to the will and the bonds, Dr. Johnson made an imitation of writing, and with a questioning look asked him if he should write his will—he had earned by long practice to read upon the lips many words. He nodded assent. Then Dr. J. imitated death, pointed to the old will, the bonds, the blank paper, saying in words, "When you are dead and buried, what do you want done with all your money?" The words "when," "dead," "buried," "what," "all," and "money," he could without doubt read from the lips. He replied, moving his lips to say "baby," his sign for his brother Jacob, pointing to the door out of which he had gone, and described a half circle on top of his head, his sign for his brother's wife, who wore a braid in that manner, pointing to the door out of which she had gone, and making a cutting motion across his arm to indicate division into equal parts. Then a young lady, who readily communicated with him, repeated Dr. J.'s question. He replied as before, omitting the pointing to the doors. Then she placed the photographs of his heirs before him, repeating the same question with words and signs. He immediately selected the photographs of his brother and wife, with the sign of division. Dr. J. again asked him. He took the two photographs, placed them apart from the others, with the sign of division. His bearing was thoughtful, serious, and intelligent, his eyes keenly fixed on the lips of the party communicating with him.

The will was then written by Dr. Johnson, read to the company, explained to the mute by signs previously used, and to this he nodded his head. He was asked to make his mark, when he took up the pen and, to the surprise of all, signed a capital H.

The Court House was crowded during the whole trial. During the closing arguments there were present many ladies from East Machias, the residence of the parties, ladies who had never before witnessed a trial and whose manifest interest no doubt had something to do with inspiring the eloquence of counsel. Mr. Heath closed his address to the jury, as follows:

MR. HEATH'S PERORATION.

"There lying in the gloaming, in the twilight of life and day, his eyes heavy with death, drank in her shadow as they traced its spirit lines upon the wall. For thirty summers, to him, wife, mother, sister, daughter, friend, ever her shadow the dumb man loved. She came, a ministering angel, to strew his pathway to the doors of death with the roses of love. He turned his weary head; his love lit eyes brightened, then saddened. Clasping her hand with affection, raising his arm toward heaven, with upturned eyes, tears coursing down the furrows of his time worn cheek, the silent man bade her meet him in the Great Hereafter, where the deaf hear and the dumb sing for joy. Down into the Valley of the Shadow of Death, he went, a Christian, a gentleman, a *man*. He died, happy in the thought that Margaret, by his loving will, would be shielded in the autumn of her life. Living, he loved her; stricken, he willed her the half of all he had, that her youth of poverty might be an old age of ease; dying, he blessed her.

May your verdict record his dying, loving wish, in imperishable letters upon the records of this Court."

The jury were out an hour, and returned a verdict sustaining the will, upon the issues of capacity, intention, and undue influence raised by the defence.

JUDGE PETERS' CHARGE.

It is needless to say that the charge of the Judge, like whatever passes through his hand, was well done, stating, after his manner, the positions of the counsel on both sides, and summarizing the evidence under each position. Among other things he said: "A sound mind is required,—that means a mind sound enough, properly, to devise or bequeath property. It may be the lowest degree of mental soundness. Mere intellectual feebleness is not enough to constitute unsoundness. *Disposing* mind means as much mind and memory as would enable a man to transact common business with that intelligence which belongs to the weakest class of sound minds. He might not be able to make contracts, except of a simple nature, and might not have the ability to manage an estate and still have the capacity to make a will. A disposing memory exists when a man can remember, at least with a general definiteness, what property he has, its condition generally, not minutely, his relations to those persons to whom he gives, and also to those from whom he excludes his bounty. He must have *active* memory enough to bring to his mind the nature and particulars of the business to be transacted, and mental power enough to appreciate them and to form some rational judgment in relation to them. A sound mind does not mean a man of common soundness, not an average; there must be the lowest and highest to make an average.

If you are satisfied that the testator executed the paper with the belief that he thereby gave to his brother and his brother's wife, such property as he should possess when he should die, then you will be authorized to regard it as a valid will and testament, though he might not really know what the will was. It is enough that he understood and appreciated what the effect of the act would be, though he had no knowledge of any of the forms pertaining to it required by law. In popular terms, he must know what he is about. Ordinarily, though not always, a less degree of intellect is required to make a will, than to make a contract. I know of no different rule for this case than for any other. That the testator was deaf and dumb does not change the rule, which is general. The application to particular cases is for the jury." The Judge also held that a person under guardianship could make a will, if of sufficient intelligence.

At the close of the charge, Judge Peters paid the following deserved compliment: "Gentlemen, in nearly forty years observation in Courts, I have never seen a case tried with better ability than that displayed in this case, upon both sides."

Your reporter feels justified in adding that Mr. Heath, only twenty-eight years of age, has by his efforts in this case raised himself, *per saltem*, to the front rank of his profession in this State. J. D. P.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

The *Journal* says: A broad-backed, strong-armed fellow, about six feet tall, and of the right build for a desirable wood-chopper, has been making the rounds of Lewiston and Auburn, sweating his brow by the sale of papers of pins. He persistently accompanies his pins with a sad history about a distressed family, a widowed mother, an orphan sister, or calamities of a greater or less magnitude. It is now reported to us, by ladies and gentlemen who, believing the fellow's representations, and pitying him, have given him articles of clothing, food, money, etc., that they have reason to believe he is an impostor. They have ascertained that he seldom tells the same story in two places and that his suffering sisters, cousins and aunts have no existence. If we mistake not this is the same fellow, of whom we have heard, through the press, in various parts of the State. There are many deserving recipients of charity, but benevolent people should be on their guard against imposters.

The *Journal* says: Three or four weeks ago, a twelve-years-old son of Dennis Cochlan, of this city, employed in a Lewiston woollen mill, scratched one of his thumbs slightly. The thumb became poisoned from the wood, and became frightfully swollen. The bone rotted, and the chances for saving his thumb were small. A Lewiston physician cut out a section of the bone, a few days since, and the wound is progressing well.

The *Journal* says: There is now in Auburn jail, a man 60 years old or more, who was incarcerated about three weeks ago, by a town in this county, for non-payment of a tax of $1 44. He served through the war of the rebellion and lost an eye in the service. He claims that he was unable to pay his tax on account of sickness in his family. Some of the members of the Androscoggin Bar, hearing of the facts, have volunteered to furnish the necessary assets, and get the old soldier out. It is probable that the veteran will soon be marching home.

Cumberland.

The *Press* contains the following list of accidents: A man named Walker broke his leg at the Rolling Mills, Friday, by falling from a ladder. Mr. Loren Merrill of Parsonsfield, injured in the Boston and Maine disaster, is at the Perry House with spine badly hurt. Miss Emma Libby, slipped and fell Saturday night on the sidewalk on Congress street, Portland, and sprained her ankle badly. A little son of Thomas Fisher, Portland, while coasting on Brackett street, Saturday afternoon, slid over the high steps at the foot of the street and broke his leg. Granville L. Libby, a young man employed at the Kerosene Oil Works, Portland, while working a circular saw in the carpenter's shop received a severe though not dangerous gash over the right eye near the temple. Mrs. Walter Cox fell on the icy sidewalk in front of New Jerusalem Temple on High street, Portland, Sunday, and broke a limb.

Kennebec.

A despatch says that Willis E. Gardiner, a boy about 17 years old, fell from the fourth story of the shoe factory, in Augusta, through the elevator passage, Monday afternoon, a distance of forty feet, sustaining injuries which will probably prove fatal.

The Gardiner *Reporter* says that the farm buildings of Washington Lawrence, of Pittston, were entered one night last week by thieves, who carried off his pork, beef, a large amount of wheat, beans and barley, also a harness and other things of value. After getting away from the premises they found themselves overloaded, and relieved themselves by hiding several bags of grain behind a wall. They were found by some little girls on their way to school, and restored to the owner. No clue to the rascals has as yet been found.

The Augusta *Journal* says over $1,200,000 a year will be disbursed by the pension office which is to be established in Augusta, in quarterly installments, and much of this will be paid directly to pensioners who come to Augusta to draw the amount due them. It is surprising, the number of pensioners in the country. Some 437,000 applications have been filed by invalids, and 289,000 by widows and guardians. The arrears of pension bill was taken advantage of by hundreds of Maine soldiers, and many a sick and needy man who once wore the blue was made glad by the Government's generosity. Probably the largest amount of back pension money ever drawn by any man in this State, was by Patrick Dennahy, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home, who got $5000. He lost his sight in the army, and Uncle Sam now pays him $72 a month for his sacrifice.

Lincoln.

The Village *Herald* says preparations have been made to cut about 100,000 tons of ice in Boothbay this season.

The Village *Herald* says an old lady in Wiscasset, sitting before the stove a few days since, was so severely burned by her clothing catching fire, that she survived the terrible shock only a few hours, when death came to her relief. She was 85 years of age.

Miss Rumrill, of Wiscasset, while walking down the road a few evenings since, in company with some of her friends, had her dress catch fire from a torchlight lamp carelessly carried by one of the company, and her outer clothing was burned entirely from her body. She threw herself upon the ground, rolling over in the snow, and thus by her remarkable presence of mind saved herself from a terrible death.

Washington.

Lucy A. Johnson advertises in the Machias *Republican* as follows: "As for my husband posting me, and saying I left his bed and board, it is a mistake, as I slept on my own bed and board, and thank the Lord I am glad to get rid of him."

York.

The Ossipee *News* says Mrs. David Boudreau, an operative in the woolen mills in Limerick, arose about three o'clock Monday morning to prepare breakfast for her family. A few moments after, her husband, hearing an odd noise, made search and found her lying senseless at the foot of the cellar stairs, with a broken kerosene lamp at her side and the flames rapidly spreading. She was badly bruised about the head and was unable to give any account of the accident.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET

(Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers Association.)

SATURDAY, Jan 14, 1881.

Produce Market.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A hogshead of salt shall contain eight bushels. The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 62 pounds; of potatoes, wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions 52 pounds; of carrots, turnips, rye, and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 30 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

Country Produce.

APPLES—		
Sweet,	per bbl,	$1 75 to $2 25.
Cooking,	do	1 50 to 2 00.
Baldwin No. 1,	do	2 00 to 2 25.
BEANS—		
Imperial Yellow-Eye,	per bush,	$2 40 to $2 50.
Pea, hand picked,	per bush,	2 50 to 2 75.
BUTTER—		
Best new rolls	per lb,	25 to 27 cents
Fair to good,	do	23 to 25 do
CHEESE—		
Best Factory,	per lb,	14 cents.
Best Dairy,	do	13 do.
DRIED APPLES—		
Choice string	per lb,	7a8 cents.
Choice sliced,	do	8a9 do
EGGS—		
Fresh laid,	per dozen,	23 cents.
Limed do,		20 do.
HAY—		
Best loose,	per ton,	$14 00 to $17 00.
Best bales,	do	15 00 to $18 00.
OATS—		
Prime country,	new, per bush,	45a47 cents.
Prime Western,	"	50 do

PEAS— Imperial, per bush, 2 00. Best ...
POTATOES— Best Early Rose, per bush. ... White ...
POULTRY— Chickens, per lb ... Turkeys, per lb ...
ONIONS— per bushel ...

Retail Price Current.

SALT— Bangor, ground in boxes, per box, 20 cents. English butter salt, ... HERRING— English, scaled, in boxes, per box, 25 cents. RAISINS— Loose Muscatels, ... London Layers, ... Sultana, ... Valencia, ... CURRANTS— English, ... CRANBERRIES— ... POP CORN— ... KEROSENE OIL— 120 test, ... 150 do, ... VINEGAR— Pure cider, per gallon, ... Pure W. W. ...

Breadstuffs, Grain, Etc.

FLOUR— Best Spring Haymaker, ... Best St. Louis, ... Good Family, ... CORN— Full weight, 82c. ... CORN MEAL— 60 lbs to bush, 77c. SHORTS— St Louis bran ... Fine Middlings, ... COTTON SEED MEAL— In sacks ... OATMEAL— Best scotch ... Best 1 ... Best Canada ... Rye Meal ... Graham Flour, ... Buckwheat ... PORK— Country clear, ... Western clear, ... LARD— bulk, ... Home, ... SUGAR— Granulated, ... Extra C, ...

If You Want a Really Good Salad,
One that will delight the taste, and which will linger in your mouth ... get a bottle of Harlow's Dressing.

At Harlow's Drug Store a new supply of English Glycerine and Honey Soaps.
Holy Land Olive Soap.
Lubin's and Condray richly perfumed soaps.
Handkerchief Perfumes in bulk.
Sachet Powders, the finest known.
Farina's 4711 Cologne, and a fine line of Tooth and other Toilet Brushes, Combs, Razor Strops, Cosmetics, Lotions and Powders.
At Harlow's Drug Store ...

India Rubber Goods
for Nurseries and Sick Rooms, ... Hot Water Syringes and Fountain Syringes.
At Harlow's Drug Store ...

True Butter Color,
genuine shade of June Butter.

MONEY SAVED
By patronizing the
BARGAIN
SHOE STORE.
One of the best assortments of
BOOTS AND SHOES
That can be found in the city, and at prices that defy competition.
Ladies' Fine Goods a Specialty.
Misses' and Children's fine goods, ... "SCHOOL BOOT" ... Gent's fine ... "WINTER OVERSHOES" ... Best dress ... Gents' French ...

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WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER
OIL AND LIME.
Wilbor's Cod-Liver Oil and Lime.—Persons who have been taking Cod-Liver Oil will be pleased to learn that Dr. Wilbor has succeeded, from direct ... in combining ... manner that ... effects in Lung ... Very many persons ... hopeless, and ... long time without ... they have been cured ... and get the genuine. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists.

J. F. Parkhurst & Son,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TRUNKS AND BAGS.
The LARGEST STOCK and FINEST in New England, which we
Sell Cheap for Sixty Days,
to make room for ...
20 CENTRAL ST.,
BANGOR, MAINE.

BEST IMPORTED
MACARONI
FOR SALE AT
TEA WHITE'S.

SELLING OUT!
Having decided to close up my retail business, I am offering my entire stock at
A Great Reduction From Former Prices,
and inmany cases much less than cost.
Hats, Flowers, Feathers & Ribbons
at about one-half price. I shall, from time to time add new goods, which I can buy ... under price and give my customers the benefit of such good bargains. ... invoice of ... shown in this state.
I. W. COOMBS.

Jacques' Coupe.
I would respectfully call the attention of my former customers to the fact that I have put my Coupe in first-class condition, and am now ready to fill all orders of all kinds ... Calls, Parties, &c.
TERMS—FIFTY CENTS PER HOUR.
Order Book at ... Boston Bakery, ...
E. E. JACQUES, Proprietor.

Whig and Courier.

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C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 18, 1882

CENTENARY OF DANIEL WEBSTER'S BIRTH.

One hundred years ago to-day—Jan. 18, 1782—DANIEL WEBSTER was born in Salisbury (now Franklin) New Hampshire, the second son of Ebenezer Webster and his second wife Abigail Eastman. In 1796 he was sent to the Phillips Exeter Academy, and although as a scholar he gave decided promise of future distinction, he has stated that while there he could never muster courage to make a declamation. He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1801, and from January to September 1802 was principal of the Academy at Fryeburg, Maine, at a salary of $350 a year, which he supplemented by copying for the Register of Deeds to the extent of two folio volumes. In 1804 he went to Boston and entered the law office of Christopher Gore, afterwards Governor of Massachusetts and United States Senator, to complete his legal studies. In the spring of 1805 he was admitted to the bar of the Court of Common Pleas in Boston. In 1806 he established himself in practice at Portsmouth, New Hampshire. In 1812 he was elected to Congress, taking his seat in the special session of May, 1813, and was placed on the Committee on Foreign Affairs. June 10, 1813, he delivered his maiden speech upon resolutions he had introduced on the repeal of the Berlin and Milan decrees, and its ability and power attracted the attention of the country. He at once took a first rank among the debaters in Congress. In the 14th Congress he took prominent part in support of the charter of the United States Bank, and secured the passage of a resolution requiring all payments to the treasury after Feb. 20, 1817, to be made in specie or its equivalents, thus restoring the depreciated currency of the country.

In December, 1813, Mr. Webster's house in Portsmouth was burned, with his library and all the fruits of his professional labors. He hesitated some time between Albany and Boston as a future residence but decided on the latter and at once entered upon a large practice there. March 10, 1818, he delivered his famous argument in the Dartmouth College case before the U. S. Supreme Court as the junior counsel for the plaintiffs, against John Holmes, of Maine, and Attorney-General Wirt for the defendants in error. His part in this case so established his reputation that he was afterwards retained in almost every important case before the Supreme Court.

In 1820 he was a member of the Convention to revise the Constitution of Massachusetts after the separation of Maine. His great oration December 22, 1820, on The Landing of the Pilgrims, was the first of a series of remarkable addresses that placed him at the head of American orators. Among his great efforts of this class may be named the orations upon laying the corner-stone of Bunker Hill Monument in 1825, and upon the completion of that work in 1843; his eulogy on Adams and Jefferson in 1826 and his discourse on laying the corner-stone of the extension of the National Capitol in 1851.

In 1822 he was elected to Congress from Boston and early in the session made his noted speech on the Greek Revolution. He was reelected in 1824 and in 1827 was elected a Senator of the United States from Massachusetts, to fill a vacancy, and retained his seat by reelections until 1841. His career as a giant of the Senatorial debates of that period is household history, and every schoolboy is familiar with portions of his most famous parliamentary effort, the extemporaneous Reply to Senator Robert Y. Hayne, of South Carolina, on Jan. 26 and 27, 1830. In 1839 he made a short visit to Europe where he received marked honors. On the accession of President Harrison in 1841, he was appointed Secretary of State and continued in the office under President Tyler until the spring of 1843. In 1845 he was returned to the Senate as the successor of Rufus Choate, and, in March, 1850, made his much-criticised speech in which he abandoned the Wilmot Proviso and justified the Fugitive Slave Law. In December, 1850, he was appointed Secretary of State by President Fillmore and in that year the celebrated "Hulsemann Letter" was written. In 1851 he obtained from Spain the pardon of the followers of the Cuban filibuster Lopez, and about the same time received from the British Government an apology for the interference of a British cruiser with an American steamer in the waters of Nicaragua, a similar concession having been previously obtained by him in the case of the steamer *Caroline*.

In January, 1852, he argued the important India-rubber patent case at Trenton, which was his last great forensic effort. Sanguine hopes of his selection by the Whig National Convention of that year were entertained by his friends, but the Presidential candidacy was given to General Scott. In May, 1852 Mr. Webster was injured by being thrown from a carriage near his home in Marshfield, and his health became such that after brief visits to Washington he found it necessary to seek the rest of his Marshfield home. Here he passed the closing months of his life tendering his resignation, which was declined by President Fillmore. The last important public business that engaged his attention was the affair of the American fisheries off the coast of the British Provinces. He died at Marshfield, Oct. 23, 1852, four months after the death of Henry Clay, and not quite three years after the death of John C. Calhoun, who with himself had been the most conspicuous figures in the United States Senate.

The funeral at Marshfield was attended by deputations of distinguished men from various States, and funeral orations and sermons were delivered throughout the country.

GUITEAU'S SUPPRESSED SPEECH.

The N. Y. *Herald* publishes Guiteau's proposed "speech," which occupies nearly seven of its columns in fine type. It consists largely of letters and newspaper extracts with a great mass of his peculiar style of protestation and argument in justification of his act. He closes as follows:

And now, gentlemen, I leave this case with you.

At the last great day you and all men will stand in the presence of the Deity, crying for mercy and justice. As you act here so will be your final abode in the great hereafter. I beg you do not get the Deity down on you by meddling with this case. I beg for your own sakes and for the sake of the American people, and for the sake of the generations yet unborn, that you let this case alone. You cannot afford to touch it. Let your verdict be that it was the Deity's act; not mine. When the President was shot his Cabinet telegraphed to foreign nations that it was the act of "a madman," and it will be far better every way that it be officially decided that it was the act of "a madman."

THE INSANE HOSPITAL.

We are informed that the unsigned communication from Augusta in Monday's Boston *Globe* which was largely made up of extracts from letters of Mrs. C. A. Quinby, was not written by her, but that some person to whom she wrote letters in 1880 and in January 1881, sent the article to the *Globe* and incorporated Mrs. Quinby's letters in it. The headlines and the introductory reference to Mrs. Quinby in the *Globe* were all calculated to convey the impression that she had furnished to that paper the extracts from her own letters containing the ill-natured flings at her associates. From advance sheets of the Trustees' Report for 1881, extracts of which we shall print hereafter, it appears that Mrs. Quinby now unites in endorsing the legislative report vindicating the institution "from all suspicions and aspersions," and in assuring the friends of the unfortunate patients "that they are provided with a comfortable home and are receiving that care and treatment essential for their happiness and possible restoration to health."

A MICHIGAN LIBEL SUIT.

A libel suit against the Detroit *Evening News* has been attracting the attention of journalists far and wide. The *News* some time since, in giving the news, made it appear that a man named Peoples was responsible for the murder of a girl named Whitts, with whom he was on terms of intimacy. The body of the girl was found in the water, and the history of the case was given in full, and was so clear to the *News* that it expressed the opinion above indicated. Peoples brought a civil suit against the *News* to recover damages. The publisher defended by trying to prove the truth of his assertion. He was able to make his charge so clear that the civil trial in which the publisher appeared as a defendant became in fact a criminal case, in which the plaintiff was practically made the respondent to the charge of murder; and so completely did the *News* sustain its charge that the jury brought in a verdict in favor of the newspaper and practically affirming the charge of murder against Peoples. Although the affair occurred some time since, no legal steps had been taken to arraign Peoples, but upon the announcement of the verdict in this suit the man has been arrested and put in jail, and will be tried for murder. The case is probably without parallel.

RAILWAY SLAUGHTER.

[From the Boston Herald.]

It will begin to be said that corporations have no brains, as it has long been said they have no souls, if disasters like that on the Hudson River railroad continue to be possible. It is a disgrace to any railroad management, and a shame to the legislative power that creates corporations, and should provide for their proper control and regulation, that passengers should be roasted to death in the sight of hundreds of helpless and agonized onlookers. Inflammable burning fluid and coal or wood stoves should have been prohibited in passenger cars long ago. And if, in addition to the axes which the companies are required to carry, one or two fire extinguishers to each car had been provided, as suggested in the *Herald*, the fatal blaze could have been quenched almost instantly. Upon the occasion of a similar holocaust some months ago, we pointed to the importance of providing doors or panels in the sides of the cars that could be opened outwardly in case of need. A long car, with the end doors rendered useless by "telescoping," becomes a veritable death trap in a collision like that at Spuyten Duyvil. If the car corporations would devote a portion of the money wasted on gimcracks and useless upholstery to making their carriages safe and equipping them against the casualties incident to rapid transit and careless employés, they would better deserve the liberal patronage that has made millionaires of their managers.

THE INCORPORATION OF BANGOR—1791.

To the Editor of the Whig & Courier:

I give a copy of the original petition for the incorporation of Bangor, now in the Massachusetts Archives, in the hand-writing of Mr. Andrew Webster:

PENOBSCOT RIVER VS. MAY, 1790.

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court Assembled:

The petition of the subscribers, inhabitants of and living upon a tract of land in the County of Lincoln by the name of number one, second range, lying on the west side of Penobscot river, bounded as follows, viz.: Southerly on number one, easterly on Penobscot river, northerly and westerly on Government land, as will appear by Capt. Stone's survey. Humbly sheweth that there is living on said land 45 families and are possessed of about two-thirds of the property of what is called Kenduskeag plantation, or the plantation from the Widow Wheeler's mills, and upward to the head of the settlement on the west side of Penobscot river. We labor under many disadvantages for want of being incorporated with town privileges therefore humbly pray your Honors would be pleased to take our difficult circumstances into your wise consideration and incorporate us into a town by the name of Bangor. We have no Justice of the Peace for 30 miles on this side of the river, no grand jurymen, and some people not of the best morals. Your Honors know what the consequences must be. We doubt not but you will grant us our request and your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

ANDREW WEBSTER, Clerk.

P. S. The inhabitants of said plantation at sundry legal meetings for two years past have unanimously voted to be incorporated, without which we can have no benefit of our school or ministerial land."

I find in the new *Gazetteer of Maine*, page 95, the following:

"In 1791, having acquired 576 inhabitants, the plantation through its representative, the Rev. Seth Noble, procured from the General Court an act of incorporation. They had chosen the name of Sunbury * * * but when the Speaker called the name of his town, Mr. Noble replied, "Bangor," which was the name of his favorite tune."

I have met with the same statement before relative to the change of name, but it will be seen from reading the petition that it could not be correct.

J. W. P.

SENATOR PENDLETON'S NEW HOUSE IN WASHINGTON. The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Tribune* gives the following description of the new Washington residence of Senator Pendleton, of Ohio:

The wife and daughters of Senator Pendleton held their first reception in their new home, in Sixteenth street, on Thursday, receiving upward of five hundred visitors. Among the many handsome houses at the capital, probably not one has so little of ostentatious display and so much of simple elegance as this. The exterior of the house is not unlike other brick houses of the Queen Anne age of architecture, but the interior has a marked individuality. The woodwork is of poplar pine and maple, polished and oiled, and beautiful grains showing clearly. There are no marble mantles in the house, all being of maple, with the exception of that in the drawing-room, which is of white wood so finely carved and polished as to look like the purest Carrara. An oval mirror above it is also framed in the same white polished wood. The walls are hung with pale blue mummy cloth with a cornice of gilt, and the portieres are of the same texture. A sofa and chairs in the room are of gilt, upholstered in tapestry purchased and used by the family when residing abroad. The morning room adjoining is in crimson, and the dining-room on the other side is in the soft shades of old gold and olive. Perhaps the most comfortable room in the house is the library, a large room on the second floor, with wide alcove windows. Some pretty pieces of pottery, very suggestive of foreign art, were fashioned by one of the Senator's daughters in Cincinnati.

The New York *World* remarks that somehow or other the *friendship* for James A. Garfield manifested by the sort of "Friends of the Late President" that have appeared anonymously in print "does not seem to be incompatible with a very ardent hatred of his most intimate and trusted counsellor, James Gillespie Blaine."

PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Tokio, Japan, has 2,000 pickpockets.

The Baltimore *Times* suspended publication, Saturday.

Gen. Garibaldi is suffering from a bronchial attack.

Edward Kimball, the church-debt raiser, has raised about $500,000 for the relief of mortgaged churches.

An Indiana man of seventy recently married a girl of twenty, and within a month the bride eloped with a grandson of her husband.

The guard of honor at the tomb of Victor Emanuel in the Pantheon is still religiously kept up by veteran soldiers from all parts of Italy.

Poet Longfellow is prevented by ill health from accepting the reception tendered him by the city of Portland, on his approaching 75th birthday.

Last August two Scotch sailors set sail from Norway to cross the Atlantic in a little boat twenty-eight feet long. They are with the mermaids now.

Mrs. Swisshelm says: "As between drowning a country girl and getting her employment in the city, I rather think I'd drown her, and so get her out of harm's way."

Sir Edward Thornton, who was never sick while at Washington, has had a long illness in St. Petersburg, and Lady Thornton and both daughters have suffered from the climate.

The Princess of Wales has sent to King Kalakaua several photographs of herself and her sons, as a contribution to a bazaar to be held in Honolulu in aid of the building of the cathedral there.

Mr. Henry Webb, who recently died in Mexico, New York, at the age of 70 years, was the fifth of nine brothers, all the rest of whom are still living, their average age being 75 years.

An enormous mass of rock, a thousand feet high, has fallen from the Rothrist mountain near the town of Glarus, Switzerland, destroying orchards, roads and meadows. No lives were lost.

George W. Childs' collection of clocks foreign and domestic, is said to be valued at $30,000. For one of them, cased in onyx and verd antique, and crowned by a female figure in silver, Mr. Childs paid $5,000.

The *Press* notes a tea party, at H. C. Barnes', Portland, lately. The company were Mrs. Nathan Barnes, 90 years old; Mrs. Henry Nowell, 86; Mrs. Joshua F. Weeks, 83; Mrs. Elisha Trowbridge, 83.

Miss Clara Louise Kellogg says, that of her many admirers, Mr. Whitney is the only one she could unhesitatingly call "her fate." He had only known her fifteen days when he proposed, and she accepted.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin has decided against the students in the State University who objected to the exaction of a fee of $10 per year for incidental expenses on the ground that it is a free institution.

A carrier-pigeon, bearing the number 479 upon a metallic band around its leg, alighted on the pilot house of the steamer City of Portland, in Boston, at 7 o'clock last Thursday morning, and when the pilot attempted to catch it, flew to the top of the smoke stack and fell inside, apparently overcome by gas from the fires. Later in the day it was taken out, burned to a crisp.

Among the Americans in Europe who have subscribed there to the Garfield Memorial are Mr. Morton, the United States Minister in Paris, who heads the list with $1,000; Consul-General Walker, Dr. Evans, Wm. Seligman, the Paris representatives of Arnold, Constable & Co. and of Tiffany & Co., John Munroe, Dr. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., James Phalen, Cornelius Roosevelt and Dr. E. Warren. The whole amount at the close of 1881 in the hands of the Treasurer was nearly $20,000, of which no less than $600 was subscribed by Augusta, Empress of Germany. The Widow Pommery, G. L. Mumm and Roederer, subscribed $500 each.

Special Notices.

BUCKSPORT & BANGOR RAILROAD.

Special Notice.

Until further notice, the midday mail trains will run as follows:

Steamboat train for Boston, leaves Bangor MONDAY and THURSDAY, 11.00 A. M.

Steamboat train from Boston, leaves Bucksport WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, after arrival of steamer.

ALSO

On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

Leave Bucksport.........10 00 A. M.
Leave Bangor.........2 10 P. M.

The morning and evening mail trains run on regular time as usual.

L. L. LINCOLN, Supt.

jan18 st4t

BUCKSPORT & BANGOR RAILROAD.

Change of Time, Dec. 5, 1881.

	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Bucksport	5.20	5.00
Arrive in Bangor	6.42	6.05
Leave Bangor	7.35	7.15
Arrive in Bucksport	8.45	8.25

Mixed train leaves Bangor 11.00 A. M. Monday and Thursday, connecting with Steamer; on other days leave Bangor 2.00 P. M.

The 5.30 A. M. and 5.00 P. M. trains from Bucksport, arrive in Bangor to connect with trains East and West.

The 7.35 A. M. and 7.15 P. M. trains from Bangor await arrival of trains from the West.

STAGE CONNECTIONS

At Bucksport daily for Penobscot, Bluehill, Castine, Sedgwick, Brooksville, Ellsworth.

L. L. LINCOLN, Supt.

nov29 sn

Village Farm for Sale.

The large farm known as the William Jameson farm, situated in the thriving village of Upper Stillwater, ½ mile from the State College. Said farm contains 170 acres, cuts 75 tons of hay, has commodious house, large barn, orchard, wood-land, well-watered pasture, and in every respect a first class farm. Large quantity of hay with the stock and utensils, will be sold with or without the farm, to suit purchaser.

Also 60 acres of land on Marsh Island.

For particulars, apply to or address WM. H. BEALE, at Geo. Jona' Boot and Shoe Store, Bangor, Me. sn tf jan18

A GRAND

Vocal and Instrumental CONCERT AND READINGS,

will be given in the

First M. E. Church,

Thursday, Jan. 19th.

The Choir will be assisted by an Orchestra; and a few violinists.

An ANTIQUARIAN SUPPER will be served from 5.30 to 7.45. Concert at 8.

Oysters, Ice Cream and Cake will be served to all who wish. A good time may be expected. Admission 10 cents. Supper extra.

jan17 (Com copy) 1t sn

WE BOOST AND TRUST

You will give us a your trade

—IN THE—

[illegible]

From this out, for we are VERY POOR.

Money Always Refunded if Wanted.

3 Kenduskeag Bridge. [illegible] & Co.

oct13 sn jan9 8m

"Home Circle."

Regular meeting of "Pine Tree Council" No. 21, this Wednesday evening, at 7½ o'clock.

jan18 sn

1832 1882

THE KENDUSKEAG NATIONAL BANK,

Successor to

The Kenduskeag Bank,

Which was organized and began business in 1832, both Banks having had but three Presidents and two Cashiers in Fifty years, will mark its

SEMI-CENTENNIAL

By taking possession of its commodious

New Banking Rooms,

On West Market Square,

OPPOSITE THE OLD BANK,

And will continue business as heretofore.

Its New Quarters are furnished with a Massive Steel and Iron Vault with Solid Double Sets of Doors and Vestibule, and within the Vault a large extra strong Steel Burglar Proof Safe. The Vault manufactured by the celebrated Hall's Safe and Lock Co., the Safe by the equally celebrated Diebold's Safe and Lock Co., being the best work of the two Leading Manufacturers of the United States; the whole enclosed in and resting on the most substantial masonry ever built in this vicinity, fitted especially for the use of this Bank by its Prest elect, W. B. Hayford, and considered the most secure from

Burglars and Fire

of anything this side of Boston.

Large and Small Private Boxes for Rent at moderate prices, and abundant room for depositing any valuables parties desire to leave for longer or shorter time.

W. B. HAYFORD, President.

THOMAS J. STEWART, CHARLES HAYWARD, SAMUEL D. THURSTON, SPRAGUE ADAMS, } Directors.

Bangor, Dec. 8th, 1881.
(Com copy. sn 3w dec30

YOU WILL FIND

—AT—

28 MAIN STREET, 28

Gents' Toilet Slippers,

LINED KID GLOVES AND MITTENS.

with a full line of

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

J. A. BUZZELL.

dec20 sn

STAMPING of all kinds with Bernard's Latest Patterns at lowest rates at

NO. 16 BOYNTON ST.

nov1 sn 3m

MARSTON'S

is the place to get GOOD Photographic work for Christmas. He is making the new and beautiful Megatype just introduced in Bangor. GOOD work is the motto at his rooms. Prices but a trifle more than at the cheap rooms.

dec12 sn

INVESTORS OF

MONEY

In any Amount from $50 Upwards, and all Persons Desiring to

Change

Their Present Form of

Investments,

And to Obtain the

STRAIGHTEST

SECURITIES,

Will Find it MUCH to their Advantage to Deal With

[illegible]

Bankers,

And Proprietors of the

BANGOR SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

oct5 sn

Grand Trunk Railway

$8 To Chicago $8

$8 To Detroit $8

The Grand Trunk Railway will sell on the rebate plan, first class tickets from

Portland to Chicago and Detroit,

At the above rates until further notice.

FRED. H. SMALL, Pass. Agent, Maine and Lower Provinces, Bangor.

JAS. STEPHENSON, General Passenger Agent, Montreal.

P. M. BLAKE, City Agent, 9 CENTRAL ST., BANGOR.

nov24 sn

FRASER.

Having got over the grand rush, I am now filling my store with a great variety of

Fine Bread, Cake and Confectionery,

Much better than formerly, and well worth the inspection of the patrons of real merit and honest industry.

jan11 smlw rlw

Hallet, Davis & Co.,

AGAIN TRIUMPHANT!

First prize at the New England Fair in 1881 in competition with the best pianos in the world. Positively sure to stand in tune. All parties wanting a strictly first-class piano should call and examine the unsurpassed musical purity and power of tone and workmanship of these instruments. Elegant new style just received. Great inducements to cash buyers.

L. J. WHEELDEN,

76 Main St. 76

sep23 d&w sn

WANTED.

A compositor, for Night work. A permanent situation will be given to a good workman at this office.

jan17 sn

Baby

Must Have Its Picture Taken!

We are using the INSTANTANEOUS Dry Plate Process for children's pictures. They do not produce as fine a result as the old wet plates, but they prevent failures where children are very restless, as we are sure to obtain their pictures with the dry plate. We keep up to the times in all real improvements.

DOLE & GOULD.

jan12 8m 1w

Headquarters for Fur Work.

All kinds of Fur Work done in the latest styles and very best manner, at reasonable prices, by one who has the most experience of any one in the city.

MISS WYER, No. 49 Grove Street.

nov26

PERSONAL.

DR. THOMAS, of Brewer, after an absence of a month in Philadelphia attending Medical lectures and Hospital practice, will resume his practice on or about the 15th inst. 1w jan20

SURE CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS.

For particulars, write ASA JONES, North Vassalboro', Maine.

aug22 sn 6m

Safe for Sale.

An excellent Fire-proof Safe measuring 55 inches high, 31 inches wide and 30 inches deep, having a Heavy Burglar proof Chest inside with a fine Sargent Combination Bank Lock.

As good as ever, but having put in larger ones, we have no room for this one, and will sell it VERY LOW.

BOWLER & MERRILL, No. 7 Kenduskeag Block.

jan13 sn

[illegible]!

At No. 3 State Street,

A new process, by which

Gas Fixtures, Statuettes, Bronze Clocks, &c.,

which appear to be entirely spoiled by time and flies, can be cleansed and bronzed in any style desired and made as good as new, at SMALL EXPENSE. TRY US.

MARSTON & GORHAM.

jan10 eodlw sn

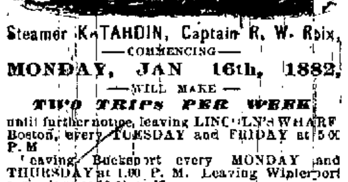
The Sanford Steamship Co

—BETWEEN—

BANGOR and BOSTON

Touching at Winterport, Bucksport, Searsport, Belfast, Camden and Rockland.

Winter Arrangement



Steamer KATAHDIN, Captain R. W. Roix,

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY, JAN 16th, 1882,

—WILL MAKE—

TWO TRIPS PER WEEK

until further notice, leaving LINCOLN'S WHARF Boston, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 5.00 P. M.

Leaving Bucksport every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 1.00 P. M. Leaving Winterport same days at 10 00 A. M.

A steamboat train leaves Bucksport and Bangor Railroad Depot at 11 00 A. M.

Every day a steamer sails connecting with steamer at Bucksport.

A special train will take passengers to Bangor should the Steamer not arrive at Bucksport in season for the regular train.

Tickets sold at ticket office in depot.

Passengers and freight of this line forwarded over the Bucksport and Bangor Railroad free of expense.

Passengers for Portland leaving Bangor Monday, connect with Portland Steamer at Rockland and arrives in Portland same night.

During the Winter months extra cars will be taken that perishable freight is not chilled or frozen.

Freights taken at low rates.

JAS LITTLEFIELD, Supt. Boston, Mass.

H. T. SANBORN, Agent, Bangor.

jan17

Annual Meeting of the Penobscot Agricultural Society.

Adjourned from Jan. 4th.

The Annual Meeting of the Penobscot Agricultural Society, for choice of officers and the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the Council Room in the City Hall, Bangor, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 25th, 1882, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Per order.

B. A. BURR, Sec'y.

jan11 sn d&w

Music Hall.

I shall form a private class in Dancing on Tuesday evening, Jan. 17th at 7½ o'clock. A thorough course of instruction will be given. Parties wishing to join will please communicate with me at once.

M. H. ANDREWS,

jan12 sn

Penobscot County Farmers' Club.

The next meeting of the Penobscot County Farmers' Club will be held at Stetson's Corner, West Hampden, on Wednesday, January 18th, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Question for discussion—"Does our legislature give sufficient encouragement to Agriculture?"

All are invited to attend. There will be a picnic dinner at the hall. The meeting will not be postponed for the weather.

SEC'Y.

jan11 d&w sn

GARFIELD.

President Garfield insured his life for sixty thousand dollars in different companies soon after his election. A good example for men in high places.

H. N. FAIRBANKS,

Gen'l Ag't Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co., Bangor, Me.

jan16 sn 1w

FOR SALE.

Double Runnered Pung, Pole and Thills new.

FRED ATWOOD, Winterport.

jan9 sn 2w MWAS.

FLOUR.

Washburn's Best Patent Flour, $9.00 Per Barrel.

B. W. CUBTIL,

NO. 10 BROAD ST.

sept11 sn

MARRIED.

In this city, Jan. 17th, at the residence of Capt. Hugh Ross, by Rev G. W. Field, Henry K. Thatcher, M. D., to Miss Annie Ross, both of Bangor.

In Dixmont, Dec 24th, by W. B. Ferguson, Esq., George W. Howes and Cora B. Palmer, both of Dixmont.

DIED.

In Danvers, Mass., Jan. 16th, William Henry Darling, aged 49 years, only son of the late Alfred Dennis and Harriet Upton Darling of Bucksport, Maine.

Marine Journal.

Maritime Miscellany.

Bark Robert Porter, Nichols at Singapore Jan 4, from Cardiff, experienced heavy gales and baffling weather on the passage, and sustained some light damage.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON. Sld 16th, brig Abbie Clifford, Sierra, Barbados.

NEW YORK. Ar 16th, brig Caroline Gray, Snow, Pernambuco 39 days; schrs Annie Walker, Gray, Jacksonville 7 days; Flora Condon, French, do 10 days; John S Case, Colcord, do, 11 days; Harry White, Hopkins, do 7 days. Cld, brig Woodbury, Brown, Cienfuegos; schr Fannie A Milliken, Roberts, Maypont.

JACKSONVILLE. Ar 11th, schs Annie L McKeen, Patterson, New York.

MOBILE. Ar 14th, schr Mark, Pendleton, Gilkey, St Pierre, Mart.

PHILADELPHIA. Ar 14th, bark Hannah McLoon, Keen, Charleston.

WILMINGTON, NC. Cld 14th, schr Annie E Lewis, Lewis, Ponce, PR.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at Hong Kong, to Jan 14, bark Wakefield, Crowell, Cardiff.

Ar at Liverpool, 16th, ship Richard III, Wood, Charleston.

Ar at Melbourne, prior to Jan 5, ship Kate Davenport, Mallett, Portland, O, (will discharge and load coal, probably at Newcastle, for Hong Kong, and thence to Victoria, VI, with Chinese passengers.

Entertainments.

NOROMBEGA HALL.

Friday Evening, Jan. 20, 1882.

AMATEUR

Dramatic Entertainment,

Proceeds to go toward new scenery for the

Opera House!

Only presentation of the drama of deep interest

Camilla's Husband,

and the laughable farce,

A REGULAR FIX.

The following ladies and gentlemen in the cast:

Mrs. W. F. Shaw, Miss Jennie Sellers, Miss Nellie Brett, Miss Lottie Coombs, Miss Jennie Dillingham, Mr. Victor Brett, Mr. D F. Kelleher, Mr. L. A. Barker, Mr. Walter Morison, Mr. C. H. Bartlett, Mr. G. S. Pomeroy, Mr. J. E. B. Fisk, Mr. Geo. Fowler, Mr. Jas. Forrest, Mr. F. A. Owen.

PRICES, 25, 50, 35 cents.

Sale of reserved seats will open at D. Bugbee & Co.'s on Tuesday morning, 17th instant.

jan13 sn

[illegible]

THE DELIGHTS OF TRAVEL,

Without its Discomforts.

E. H. RAGAN'S

STEREOPTICON TALKS.

A Series of Popular

Lectures Upon Travel

Magnificently Illustrated

with superb photographic dissolving views thrown upon a mammoth screen by means of the Oxy-hydrogen Light.

Jan 17, 19, and 24 at City Hall.

Jan. 23 & 26 at Essex St. Church.

SUBJECTS:

II. Paris—The Magnificent.
III. Venice, Milan and the Italian Lakes.
IV. London—From the Top of an Omnibus.
V. Spain—From the Pyrenees to Seville.
VI. Southern and Eastern Spain and Morocco.

Price of tickets reduced on account of changing from Norombega Hall.

Tickets for the course, $1.25
Tickets for single Lecture, 35 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Lecture at 8 o'clock.

Tickets for the course for sale at D. Bugbee & Co.'s.

dec20 (Com copy) sn

[illegible]

CITY HALL.

OPEN

Monday, Wednesday & Saturday

of each week.

Skating Hours—Afternoon, 2 to 5, Evening, 7.30 to 10.

Wednesday and Saturday afternoons reserved for children.

PRICES REDUCED

Admission, 15 cents.
Skates to let, 10 cents.
Package Tickets, seven for $1 00

jan12 MWF

BANGOR

Skating Rink.

ENTRANCE

Just Below Parkhurst's Trunk Factory.

Main Street.

Open Afternoons and Evenings,

From 1 until 5 P. M., and 7 until 10 P. M.

SEASON TICKETS:

Ladies $3 00
Gents 3.50
Family, $5 00 to $10.00

Admission 15 cents, except on Band nights.

School children admitted Wednesday and Saturday afternoons for 10 cents.

MR. ROBINSON will have charge of the Rink, with competent assistance.

jan5 sn tf

NEW

Horse-Radish

—AT—

[illegible]

jan18

[illegible]

—AND—

Popping Corn,

—AT—

A. R. GOULD & CO.'S,

100 EXCHANGE ST.

jan18

Birch Edgings and Charcoal.

Dry and Green Hard and Soft Wood, prepared and in the stick.

Birch Edgings and Kindlings of all kinds.

Also Charcoal in lots to suit, delivered in any part of the city.

C. L. SNOW,

jan18 1m 22 Broad Street.

German Favors.

The best assortment in New England, wholesale and retail. Write for information to

OWEN, MOORE & CO.,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

jan18 1w*

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Clams in the shell, and Good Salt Mackerel, at

CHAS. YORK & CO.'S,

Nos. 9 and 11 Granite Block, East Market Square

jan18

[illegible]

FOR SALE BY

D. BUGBEE & CO.

For Sale.

Seventy-five cords Saw Dust. Enquire of D. SARGENT & SON, Brewer Village.

jan14

New Year's Greeting to Our Friends.

As our gratifying sales for the past season have proved to us that honest dealing and truthful representation of goods are necessary to establish a solid business, we launch forth on the new year with the above rules plainly in view, and propose to keep on the same track. Trusting that our way will meet with your approval, we would still solicit a share of your patronage.

Yours respectfully,

ROBINSON & AREY,

Wheelwright & Clark's Block, - - Bangor, Maine.

jan5

BE SURE AND GET THE

[illegible]

When Buying Your Rubbers. Full Line For Sale by

BLOCK & THURSTON,

NO. 6 MAIN STREET.

Beware of inferior makes.

dec5

REMEMBER!

That We Shall Continue to Sell

OVERCOATS,

At Cost until our large stock is reduced.

[illegible] & CO.,

Cor. Kenduskeag Bridge and Harlow Street.

jan6

[illegible]

—THAT—

J. WATERMAN

Is determined not to carry over any

OVERCOATS OR ULSTERS

and has this day made the following UNPRECEDENTED REDUCTION in prices:

Men's fair Black Overcoats reduced from	$8 00 to	$2 00
Men's Medium Chinchilla Overcoats, "	5 50 to	3 75
Men's good Elysian Overcoats, "	6 50 to	4 50
Men's good Fur Beaver Overcoats, "	9.50 to	6 50
Men's Beaver, Black and Brown Overcoats, from	9.75 to	6 75
Men's heavy grey Ulsters, "	5.75 to	3 50
Men's heavy Black Ulsters, "	6 25 to	4 25
Men's fine Overcoats, and Ulsterettes, all colors, from	16 50 to	11.00

The GREATEST SLAUGHTER in BOYS' and CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS and ULSTERS ON RECORD. We mean business as usual at

J. Waterman's "Boss" Clothing House,

(Sign of the Dressed Man.) 75 and 77 Exchange Street

dec7

FRANK D. PULLEN,

FOR THE NEXT TWENTY DAYS,

will sell the balance of his

BOYS' OVERCOATS AT COST!

Also a VERY NICE LINE of

Men's Overcoats & Ulsters

that will be sold at REDUCED PRICES. He has a COMPLETE LINE of

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Mufflers, Gloves, Mittens, Hosiery &c., &c., suitable for the Holiday Trade.

FRANK D. PULLEN,

NOS. 17 AND 19 EXCHANGE STREET.

dec21

Celluloid Goods.

Mirrors, Brushes and Combs in sets or single. We have the most elegant line of these goods east of New York city.

CALDWELL SWEET & BRO

dec17 eod

I AM MANUFACTURING

FINE FRENCH

—AND—

American Confectionery,

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

at the LOWEST PRICES in the State of Maine, at

No. 8 State Street.

BANGOR, MAINE.

H. L. LANE

dec23 (Com copy)

[illegible]

PRICE—(JUST OUT)—50 CTS.

A new book of Sacred or "Gospel Songs" for Male voices, by L. O. EMERSON. It is a very comprehensive, finely edited and arranged book, with 11 good pieces, and 112 large pages. The music is of easy compass, in no way difficult—a very satisfying book.

PETERS' ECLECTIC PIANO INSTRUCTOR. ($3 25.) Has been used by hundreds of thousands of learners. A great success.

AMERICAN GLEE BOOK. (1.50). W. O. PERKINS. Is an excellent and popular collection for social singing.

STAINER AND BARRETT'S DICTIONARY OF MUSICAL TERMS. ($4.00) is a perfect encyclopedia for reference.

NATIONAL HYMN AND TUNE BOOK. (40 cts.) Full of the very best tunes for opening and closing schools.

EMERSON'S VOCAL METHOD. ($1.50) is the best low-priced book for the purpose.

PARLOR ORGAN INSTRUCTION BOOK. ($1.50). By A. N. JOHNSON. Is wonderfully easy, interesting and thorough.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

jan17 W&S&wtap52

Just Received!

[illegible]

CHEESE,

—AT—

C. & C. DWINEL'S.

Messenger's Notice.

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY, STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, SS., January 11, A. D. 1882.

This is to give notice, That on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1882, a warrant in Insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot, against the estate of Eben Blunt, adjudged to be an insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the fifth day of January, A. D. 1882, to which last named date interest on claims is to be computed. That the payment of any debts to or by said debtor, and the delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use and the delivery and transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the Creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of said estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden at the Probate Court Room in said Bangor, on the [illegible] day of January, A. D. 1882, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

G. W. BROWN, Deputy Sheriff, As Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot.

jan14

1882.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

This popular journal is a rare combination of literature, art, and fashion. Its stories, poems, and essays are by the best writers of Europe and America; its engravings possess the highest artistic excellence; and in all matters pertaining to fashion it is universally acknowledged to be the leading authority in the land. The new volume will contain many brilliant novelties.

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Per Year.

HARPER'S BAZAR..........
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The THREE above publications..
Any TWO above named..........
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The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

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STENCIL CUTTER,

And Manufacturer of all kinds of Rubber Stamps for Linking, Dating, Pencil and Pocket Stamps. Also Steel Stamps and Seals, &c.

NO. 3 GRANITE BLOCK, BANGOR.

dec01 eodaw tf

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

Ogdensburg Railroad

PORTLAND Jan 17 At the annual meeting of the Ogdensburg Railroad, [illegible] Samuel J Anderson was elected President with Directors Horatio N. [illegible] Weston F Milliken, Joseph S. [illegible] Joel Eastman, James P Baxter, [illegible] M Richardson, William W. Thomas Jr, Samuel Waterhouse, Francis Fessenden. The report of the Director show great and permanent improvements [illegible] rolled track and stations. Gross [illegible] increased from $202 659 last year [illegible] passenger and local freight increased [illegible] freight decreased. Ar[illegible] have been recently made to in[illegible] the latter. The balance sheet shows [illegible] thousand dollars to the profit [illegible]

FUNERAL SERVICES

Of the Late General Kilpatrick.

WASHINGTON Jan 17 Senor Martinez [illegible] has received mail [illegible] Santiago giving an account [illegible] demonstration in that city [illegible] funeral of Gen. Kilpatrick. The funeral ceremonies were [illegible] by the Chilian Government and [illegible] the Chilian Secretary of State, [illegible] assisted by the Diplomatic Corps, Senor De Ila Hearta, President [illegible] Chilian House of Representatives [illegible] Mr Root Consul General from [illegible] States. The funeral services [illegible] the Cathedral, the largest [illegible] in Santiago. At [illegible] of the funeral sermon a [illegible] chanted and the remains [illegible] by five regiments [illegible] members of the fire [illegible] by a large procession [illegible] At the grave [illegible] Mr Hallman, an old friend [illegible] Kilpatrick's, delivered brief oration.

BOSTON'S PLACES OF AMUSEMENT.

Precautions Against Fire.

BOSTON Jan 17 An order was issued [illegible] police headquarters this afternoon [illegible] that each place of amusement [illegible] shall at all times be supplied with [illegible] pipes, sprinklers, axes, chemi[illegible] extinguishers and such lights as may be approved by the Fire Commissioners. That [illegible] when required by the police [illegible] shall employ a trained fire[illegible] who shall be approved of by the Fire Commissioners. It shall be his special duty [illegible] all appliances for the [illegible] of fires and remain on the [illegible] such performance, also [illegible]

The Commissioners, Chief Engineer [illegible] Department and Assistant Engineer [illegible] district in which any place of amusement [illegible] situated shall be given the [illegible] time to enter and inspect the [illegible] all the available men nearest [illegible] shall answer the alarm [illegible] place of amusement.

SUDDEN DEATH

OF EX GOVERNOR BULLOCK.

W[illegible] Jan 17 Ex Governor [illegible] found dead on the sidewalk [illegible] past four o'clock [illegible] He was dead when [illegible] Ex Governor Bullock was born in [illegible] Mass March 2d 1816 [illegible] graduated from Amherst in 1836 [illegible] with Hon Emory Washburn [illegible] was admitted to the bar in [illegible] which time he became a [illegible] of Worcester and was [illegible] a partner of Hon. Ira M. Barton [illegible] married Elvira, daughter of Col A G Hazard, the well known powder manufacturer [illegible] Enfield Conn in 1841. He was [illegible] in the military staff of the Governor [illegible] in 1842-'43 and '61 and elected [illegible] 1862. He was chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the House in 1848 and 1861 and Senator from the county in 1849. He was Commissioner of Insolvency for [illegible] county in 1856 and resigned the office [illegible] 1858, Mayor of Worcester in 1859, Speaker of the House of Representatives in 1862-'61 and '65 and Governor of the Commonwealth three years from 1866 [illegible]

RATHER MOIST.

One Thousand Houses Flooded.

[illegible] Jan 17 The river is rising [illegible] now within four feet of the [illegible] About a thousand houses [illegible]

FROM WASHINGTON.

General News.

A Pension for Mrs Garfield

WASHINGTON Jan 17 A bill introduced [illegible] the Senate to-day by Mr Blair to [illegible] a pension to Mrs Garfield, proposes [illegible] a pension of $5000 per year [illegible] September 19th 1881, for the wife of [illegible] President.

THE WESTERN RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Number of Wounded Twenty-Three.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM THE FLAMES.

CHICAGO Jan 17 A despatch from [illegible] gives the following additional particulars concerning the accident near New Albion. The smoking car and coach made a complete revolution down a 25 feet bank and lay on their side. The passengers in the cars all shared more or less in the calamity.

The first work of those who escaped was [illegible] the occupants of the two cars which were already ablaze from the stoves. The [illegible] of burning to death was added to the already terrible injuries of the victims [illegible] The rescue was accomplished after terrible work and some of the unfortunates were taken to New Albion in mail [illegible] and others placed in the sleeper and made as comfortable as possible until help arrived.

The number of wounded foots up twenty-three. One death, that of an infant, has already occurred and two and perhaps three other persons are expected to die.

VIRGINIA.

The Riddleberger Bill.

RICHMOND Jan. 17. In the State Senate to-day the Riddleberger debt bill was amended in many particulars, not, however, changing its character, and was then without debate ordered to engrossment and third reading.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Jan. 18—(1 A. M.)

Indications

For New England; Fair weather; low, but slowly rising temperature; winds shifting to east and south; lower barometer.

GUITEAU COURT.

Scoville's Remarkable Argument.

HE DEVOTES ALL HIS TIME TO ABUSING THE GOVERNMENT COUNCIL.

WASHINGTON, Jan 17 When the Court opened this morning none of the counsel for the prosecution were present and at the suggestion of Judge Cox Scoville waited a few minutes before resuming his argument.

At ten minutes past 10 the District Attorney appeared and Scoville began. He was at once interrupted by Guiteau who had been looking over towards the jury for some minutes in an anxious or expectant manner. "Hadn't I better deliver it now?" he called out.

"Oh yes," replied Scoville "I had forgotten." Then turning to Judge Cox he said "He desires, Your Honor, to prefer a request that he be allowed to address the jury. I have looked over the paper which he desires to read and see nothing in it of an objectionable character."

Guiteau's Address

Judge Cox nodded assent and Guiteau said, "I have written down what I wish to say and will read it. 'Tis in regard to my speech." He then read with considerable emphasis, "I intend no disrespect to this honorable Court in general. I am satisfied with the law as laid down by Your Honor, but I have suggested a still broader view which I ask Your Honor to follow, to wit that if the jury believe that I believed it was right to remove the President because I had special Divine authority so to do and was forced to obey the Deity, they will acquit on the ground of transitory mania. Sickles, McFarland and Hiscock were acquitted on the ground of transitory mania. In my speech published yesterday and which I presume Your Honor has read, I gave my reason for asking Your Honor so to charge. Mr Reed made a brilliant and lawyer like plea for the defence and Scoville is making a strong argument for his theory, but neither Reed nor Scoville represent me in this defence. I am here as my own counsel, and as stated at the opening of the case no one can represent me rightly to the jury. I know my feelings and my inspiration in removing the President and I have set them forth to my satisfaction in my speech published yesterday. I ask Your Honor, in the name of justice, in the name of the American people, to allow me to address the jury of my countrymen when my life may be at stake. If a man in that jury has a doubt as to his duty in acquitting me my speech will probably settle him in my favor, and therefore in the interest of justice it is of the greatest importance that they hear me in my defence. Your Honor can decide the matter if you have any doubt as to your duty."

Scoville Arraigns the Counsel for the Prosecution

Scoville began with a general complaint of alleged unfairness on the part of the prosecution particularly of the prosecuting attorney. He had from the beginning prescribed who should visit the jail and who should not. He had introduced persons into the prisoner's cell under false guise to worm out his secrets and when the prisoner said anything which might inure to his benefit the prosecuting attorney had been careful to let it become known. He complained of Corkhill's unfairness in destroying the notes of Stenographer Bailey so that the defence could not have the benefit of them. The conduct of the prosecution in the court room he alleged was not only unfair to the defence but

Was Often Discourteous

and more befitting a police court than this cause, and the custom of the counsel upon the other side of nodding and bowing to the jury becomes highly improper on the part of the Government officers. The prosecution had also been unfair and discourteous toward the witnesses for the defence. Sometimes as in the case of Dr Spitzka pursuing them with ridicule and abuse even after they had returned to their homes. Commenting upon the failure of the prosecution to put upon the stand the detective, McElfresh, who had been summoned by them, and upon whose evidence the defence relied to show the condition of the prisoner's mind and his utterances at the time of the shooting, Scoville said that he desired to hear

No More of the Fairness

and impartiality of the prosecution, until this and similar arbitrary acts should be explained. He called the attention of the jury to the refusal of the prosecution to permit the defence to introduce the testimony of Dr. McFarland, a gentleman who had an experience of 32 years in dealing with the insane and most of the time in connection with some asylum and who might have materially aided in determining the true condition of the prisoner's mind.

Reed suggested here, "They refused to let you have a photograph identified."

Mr Davidge interrupting, "Is this case your honor argued upon the law and evidence before the jury or upon what the counsel think ought to be before them."

Scoville—"I propose to argue this case just as I am arguing it. You may interrupt me as much as you please if I misstate law or acts but I propose to be the judge of my remarks."

Davidge—"I see you do but I don't know as it is of sufficient consequence to inquire about it."

Scoville unwittingly raised a smile by declaring as one count of his indictment that the Government had acted unfairly in putting upon the stand so many witnesses to prove the act of killing. "Going over and over the horrors of the scene," said the counsel, "and I declare that it was a shame and disgrace the exhibitions made here by the prosecution for the purpose of influencing your feeling and emotions rather than your judgment."

Corkhill, "We should have been more polite and sympathizing toward the prisoner."

Scoville then criticised severely the course of the prosecution in refusing to permit the prisoner to address the jury for a brief hour or two, simply because he might disclose by his manner or speech his true mental condition. In alluding to the discussion on the proposition to allow the prisoner to speak, Scoville quoted the District Attorney as having said "If the prisoner should be allowed to speak it ought to be from the dock."

Corkhill—"I said nothing of the kind. I protested against his return to the counsel table, and I said it would be a disgrace to have him speak from the dock."

Guiteau called out, "Well, I have been a good boy lately, so you had better let me out."

Scoville then called attention to a letter written by Guiteau to the District Attorney from which a portion had been clipped as he claimed by the prosecution and in a spirit of unfairness.

Davidge—(smiling)—"Oh, just assume that one of the conspirators cut it out."

Corkhill—"I suppose what you are driving at is that you want the jury to think I cut a slip out of that letter."

Scoville—"I believe that it was done by you or by your direction, for the reason that you believed it for the interest of the prosecution."

"So do I," shouted Guiteau.

Corkhill—"You and the prisoner agree occasionally."

Scoville, having pretty roundly abused the District Attorney, paused apparently for a new head for his discourse or his criticisms when Corkhill suggested, "If you want to talk about Judge Porter don't hesitate to say anything that suggests itself. Porter will read it from the record and doubtless will make some pleasant comments in reply."

Scoville then proceeded to give the jury his views upon Judge Porter and to instruct them as to how much weight they should attach to his utterances, and as to the best means of counteracting the influence of his oratory. "He had" he said "closely watched Porter at the beginning of this case and had learned that his (Porter's) most effective part was in the exhibition of himself. He had a good mind, that he had admirable command of language, and a most impressive manner, but his eloquence was not of the heart, and he wanted the jury to take into consideration the fact that he (Porter) had come here for a large fee and was prosecuting his [illegible] tainments in his efforts to hang an insane man.

After Recess.

After waiting fifteen minutes for the arrival of the counsel for the prosecution, Scoville was told by the Court to proceed and he responded with a review of the prisoner's life from about 1859, when he left Ann Arbor and joined the Oneida Community, to the present, dwelling particularly upon his religious tendency, which began to develop strongly when the prisoner reached nineteen.

Scoville insisted upon a parallel between Guiteau and his father, L W. Guiteau. The latter he contended was one of those persons who was thought not insane, but may be said to be upon the border line of insanity and nothing but his business, which requires regular duties to be performed and supposed occupation for his mind, kept him from crossing the line. He argued the same with Guiteau and attributed to his failure in business and consequent lack of steady employment, the rapid development of insanity in his case.

Scoville continued up to the hour of adjournment his review of the prisoner's life.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS--First Session

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17. A number of petitions for a Commission of Inquiry concerning the alcohol of liquor traffic for an increase of pay to the members of life service and by Mr. Plumb from the citizens of Kansas for woman's suffrage, were presented.

Mr Vest from the Committee on Public Buildings reported with amendment a bill making an appropriation for the purchase of grounds and the erection thereon of a hall of records.

A bill by Mr Blair granting a pension to Lucretia R Garfield.

During the forenoon hour Mr. Beck resumed his remarks upon Ingalls's resolution declaring that the pension arrears law ought not to be repealed. He spoke at considerable length in support of his allegation that the legislation of 1879 was instigated and pressed through Congress by pension claim agents, and read quotations from the Pension Commissioner's report to show that frauds were almost the necessary consequence of arrearage legislation.

Mr. Ingalls deferred a formal reply to Mr Beck's remarks for the present, and the Sherman funding bill was resumed.

Mr Plumb argued that the redemption fund for United States notes should be diminished. He advocated the redemption of the 3's out of the surplus revenue over and above one hundred million dollars and that this total ought to be reduced, except in the redemption of United States notes.

Mr Teller opposed the bill, not because he thought the bonds could not be sold, but because he was disinclined to continue this everlasting tinkering of the finance.

Mr Saunders favored the bill and opposed any amendment of the essential features.

Mr. Pendleton supported Mr. Vest's amendment.

The Senate without closing the debate adjourned till to-morrow.

House

Mr Armfield, of North Carolina, offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five to inquire into and report concerning the alleged abuses practiced by the officers of Internal Revenue or other persons in the sixth Collection District of North Carolina.

Leave was granted to the Committee on Ways and Means to sit during the session of the House.

Mr Dingley, of Maine, offered a resolution instructing the Committee of Commerce to inquire as to what change of law can be made so as to afford relief to the merchant marine engaged in foreign carrying trade, and what measures can be adopted to promote our shipbuilding and other commercial interests, referred.

Mr. Belmont of New York offered a resolution requesting the President to communicate to the House the correspondence between this Government and its agents since the first of April, 1879, relating to the efforts of this Government to bring about peace between Chili, Peru and Bolivia and such other correspondence on that subject as may be in possession of the Department of State, referred.

Mr Valentine, of Nebraska, introduced a bill providing that the appointments of Indian Agents shall be in force until their successors are appointed, referred.

The Speaker then proceeded to call the committees for reports. Mr Crapo, of Massachusetts, from the Committee on Banking and Currency reported back a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the House what number of national banks organized from July 1st, 1881, to Jan 1st, 1882 capital and other information, also calling for similar information as to the banks whose corporate existence expires between Jan. 1st, 1882, and Jan 1st 1884, adopted.

Mr Harris, of Massachusetts, of the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported a resolution directing the Secretary of the Navy to transmit to the House all papers and correspondence relative to the Chiriqui coaling stations, and the appropriation for the purchase thereof, and requesting him to withhold all payment for such stations until such information has been laid before the House and action had by Congress, adopted.

The call of the Committees having been concluded Mr. Robeson called up the report of the Committee on Rules increasing the membership of the various committees of the House. He said that the thirteen committees whose membership it was proposed to increase had before them now nearly ninety per cent of all the business of the House. As Mr Robeson concluded his brief remarks he demanded the previous question. Much confusion ensued and the motion was finally withdrawn.

Mr Hutchins opposed the report of the Committee on Rules. Had any of the committees which were referred to asked for an increased membership? He had not heard of it. Did any one complain of the way in which the committees had been organized? Every one seemed satisfied with them. He hoped measures could be devised that in the future no one man, but the House itself might form the committees. The Speaker had too much power, and he not the House, controlled legislation. The committees should be appointed by the House and the Speaker should be the presiding officer, but not the dictator of the legislatures of the whole American people.

Mr. Kasson also opposed the report of the Committee on Rules. He was opposed to increasing the membership of the committees. His experience had taught him more business was done by small committees than by large ones. He advocated a measure by which the House should be charged with the duty of appointing the committees. It would be no disrespect to the Speaker. He had done his duty always embarrassingly imposed upon by the rules. Such a measure would relieve him from that embarrassment; and that inducement of bribery by the offer of places in the election of Speaker should be done away with once and forever. (Applause.)

Mr. Orth then offered as a substitute for the committee's report his amendment for the election at the beginning of each Congress of a commission charged with the duty of assigning the membership of committees.

Mr. Robeson raised a point of order against Orth's substitute, but withheld it for the present.

Mr. Reed, of Maine, member of the Committee on Rules, said he would vigorously protest against Orth's proposition if he thought there was any danger of its being adopted by this or any other House. Think of the committees of the House going to a commission; think of the log rolling there would be to have the commission elected in order to favor particular measures. He did not believe any material interest of the country was liable to be destroyed or injured by any committee appointed by the Speaker. Every action of every committee had to undergo the scrutiny of the House. Personal grievances existed in every legislative body.

If the Speaker had performed his duties faithfully and he believed he had even then he could not escape falling into some errors, but the House was ready to stand by what he (Speaker) had done. He (Reed) did not concur entirely with his Committee in regard to the increase of committee membership; neither did he believe the committees should be appointed with regard to geographical divisions. He believed, the fitness of individuals and not where they slept ought to be considered in determining on what committees they should serve.

Mr. Kelley regarded the report of the Committee on Rules as a grievous mistake. He contended that more work was performed by small committees than by large ones, and asserted it would be better to abolish the Committee on Ways and Means [illegible] entirely than to increase its membership to fifteen. He therefore moved to lay the report upon the table, lost. Pending further action the House adjourned.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Money Quotations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17. Sterling Exchange—Long, 4.81½; short, 4.85¼.

Money loaned at 4@30 per cent. per annum and closed at 5@6 on call

Prime mercantile paper 5@7

State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds irregular and unsettled on moderate volume of business

Government bonds slightly firmer and higher for extended 6s and 4 s coup, and unchanged for extended 5s, 4½s reg and 4s

Government Securities closed at the following quotations

United States Sixes, 1881, reg.	.101
United States " " coupons	.0
United States new 5s reg.	.102¾
United States " 5s, coupons	.00
United States new 4½s, reg.	.114½
United States " " coupons	.114½
United States " 4s, reg.	.118
United States " 4s, coupons	.118½
Pacific Sixes	128

The following are the closing prices of Railroad stocks

Chicago & Alton	131½
do preferred	140
Chicago, Bur & Quincy	13[illegible]
Erie	43
do preferred	8[illegible]
Illinois Central	131
Lake Shore	11[illegible]
Michigan Central	8[illegible]
N J Central	9[illegible]
Northwestern	127½
do preferred	130½
N Y Central	13[illegible]
Rock Island,	13[illegible]
St. Paul	107½
do preferred	12[illegible]
Union Pacific.	113½
Western Union.	81¼

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK Jan 17 Flour — Receipts, 9,520, exports, 6,407, sales, 17 100, — No 2, 3.00 @4 00, superfine Western and State, 3 60@4.40, common to good extra Western and State, 4 75@5 75, good to choice do, 5 80@8 00, common to good extra Ohio, 5 10 @ 8.25, common to choice white wheat Western, extra, 7 25@8.5, common to choice extra St Louis, 5 40@9 00. Other, unchanged including 3800 city Mill extra at 6.85@6.90 Southern flour steady—Common to fair extra, 5 40@6 50, good to choice extra, 6.60 @8 [illegible]

WHEAT—Sales 2 335 000 — Ungraded Spring, 00 @0, No 3 do, 0@0 ungraded red, 1 23@1 44, No 4 do, 1 2, ungraded white 0

RYE steady— sales 16000—Canada, 0, State, 90 @91

BARLEY lower — sales 10 000—No 1 Canada, 1,15½, No 3 four rowed State, 90@95

CORN firm — sales [illegible],000 — Ungraded, 62 @70; No 3 00

Oats lower— No 3 @0 do, white, 40 No 2, 4-1@40

SUGAR is dull — Fair to good refining 7½@7⅞ Cuba, loaf, 1 [illegible], crushed, 10½, granulated 9½@10, standard 9½, powdered 10½, confectioners, 9½

MOLASSES steady—for Cuba, 53@63

PETROLEUM — United, 87½, refined, 7

TALLOW steady—Prime city, 8¼@

PORK —sales 00 — 0ld mess, 0 50

LARD higher—sales 2— Prime steam, 1 10

BUTTER firm,

CHEESE firm

Chicago Produce Market

CHICAGO Jan 17 Flour is steady

Wheat — No 2 Spring, 1 26½

Corn steady—No 2, 6[illegible]

Oats easy—No 2, 43¼

Barley steady at 1 05

Rye steady at 96

Pork higher—17 10@17 [illegible]

Lard higher at 10 9[illegible]

LOCAL MATTERS.

The weather was colder yesterday

Ten below zero at 3 30 this morning

Horse radish at T. B Savage & Co.'s

Pine Tree Council meets this evening

Pickerel, smelts, etc at Chas York & Co.'s.

The Police Court room was quiet again yesterday

Wood and charcoal at C L Snow's, 24 Broad street

The roller skating rink will be open this afternoon and evening.

Popping corn for sale at A R Gould & Co 's 100 Exchange street

Owen, Moore & Co., Portland, advertise a fine assortment of German favors

The Crusade will meet at the Reading Room this afternoon. Prayer meeting at four, to which the public are invited

A horse fell down on Hammond street hill yesterday noon. It required considerable coaxing to get him on his feet again.

On the first page this morning will be found an interesting report of the deaf mute will case, prepared especially for the WHIG

The William Jameson farm, in Upper Stillwater, containing 170 acres, together with the buildings thereon, is advertised for sale. See ad

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants' Marine Insurance Company will be held at their office this afternoon at three o'clock.

The stockholders of the Bangor & Piscataquis Slate Company will hold their annual meeting at the office of Henry A Merrill, Esq, on Broad street, this forenoon, at ten o'clock

The family of the late Justice Clifford have contracted with the Hallowell Granite Company for a sarcophagus to be erected in Evergreen Cemetery, Deering in memory of their father

The ladies of the First Congregational Church and Society will give an entertainment at City Hall, next Monday evening. The central attraction of the occasion will be the exhibition of "Rogers' Statuary

As will be seen by the time table of the B & B Railroad, a mixed train leaves this city at 11 00 A M on Mondays and Thursdays to connect with the steamer for Boston, on other days the train will leave at 2.00 P M

The howling of a dog in the vicinity of the wood market on Hammond street at an early hour yesterday morning disturbed the slumbers of everybody in the neighborhood. That cur will be in peril if the serenade shall be repeated

Mr. John Burr, of Freeport a successful florist, is to decorate the parks on the line of the Maine Central Railroad the coming season, with flowers shrubs, etc. Mr Burr has 25 000 pots of verbenas growing, and other plants in proportion.

SALE OF ICE We learn that eleven thousand tons of ice were sold yesterday to New York parties for $1 25 July delivery, of which five thousand were sold by D Sargent & Sons of Brewer, and six thousand tons by Thos J. Stewart.

The Penobscot County Farmers Club will hold a meeting at Stetson's Corner, West Hampden, this forenoon, at ten o'clock. Question for discussion—"Does our Legislature give sufficient encouragement to Agriculture?" All are invited to attend. There will be a picnic dinner at the hall.

KENNEBEC ICE The total capacity for ice storing on the Kennebec river at the present time is 1,120,400 tons. If the season proves good there will be enough stored to make a big demand for vessels to carry it away. The ice on that river is now eight inches thick and said to be of excellent quality.

I. O. O. F. ELECTION. At the annual meeting of the Odd Fellows' Mutual Relief Association of Bangor, the following officers were elected: President, John F Booth; Vice President, A. F. Yeaton; Secretary, Frank K. Smith; Treasurer, J. F. Eldridge; Trustees, E F. Shaw, J. F. Clergue, Stephen A Hall.

HYMENEAL. Dr. Henry K. Thatcher, son of Deacon Geo A. Thatcher, of this city, was yesterday married to Miss Anne Ross, daughter of Capt. Hugh Ross, also of this city. The ever interesting ceremony, which occurred at 5 P. M., was most happily performed by the Rev G. W. Field, D. D., at the residence of the bride's parents on Broadway. The happy couple left for Portland on the Pullman train last evening. Dr. Thatcher is pleasantly located at Cambridge, in this State.

Nahum H. Smith, Fish and Game Warden at Greenville, last week seized a box, containing fifty trout, on Savage's team on Moosehead Lake, belonging to George Patrick and Samuel Cole, the latter a favorite guide with our summer tourists. George and Samuel paid fine and costs to the amount of $75 for their fifty fish

OPERA HOUSE NOTES Over 4000 feet of pipe are required for the heating apparatus at the Opera House. A larger number of feet will probably be required for the service of gas, besides a large amount of pipe for the water service. The entire ceiling has been plastered, and also the walls of the gallery; two of the front rooms are well advanced. The plasterers expect to get through within two weeks, a large force being at work

THE OPERA HOUSE BENEFIT. The sale of seats for the amateur entertainment to be given next Friday evening, opened at Bugbee's yesterday morning and was very large. All of the choice seats in the gallery and a large number down stairs had been disposed of at an early hour. A large and brilliant audience will be in attendance on Friday evening. Those who have not secured their seats should attend to it without delay

B. M. FIRE INS CO. At the annual meeting of the Bangor Mutual Fire Insurance Company, held yesterday afternoon, the following gentlemen were chosen as Directors: Geo Stetson, Chas. Hayward, Ared Thompson, F. M. Sabine, Willard Cutler, Henry A Wood, T G Stickney, S D Thurston, L. A. Bowler, Chas. P Stetson, N Dustin of Dexter, Amos Whitney of Dixmont. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, F M Sabine was chosen President, and J. W McClure, Secretary.

FROM BUCKSPORT—MASONIC. Our correspondent writes: At the annual meeting of the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of Bucksport the following were elected officers to serve for the ensuing year: President, Hon Guy W. McAllister; Vice-President, James M Nevins; Secretary, Edwin P Hill; Treasurer, Rufus H. Emery; Finance Committee, J. H Douglass, A D Snowman, J P Hooper. The Association is now in a flourishing condition, the object being to furnish life insurance, on the mutual plan, to members of the Order and by-laws and blanks will be furnished on application to the Secretary.

ENTERTAINMENT AT PINE STREET CHURCH A grand vocal and instrumental concert will be given at the vestry of the First M E church, Pine street, next Thursday evening. The concert will be given under the auspices of the church choir and will consist of selections by a chorus, assisted by an orchestra, songs, duets and a violin solo by a boy 11 years of age. There will also be some choice readings. An antiquarian supper will be served from 6 30 until 7 45. The concert will commence at 8. The admission will be but ten cents, supper extra. A pleasant time is assured to all who attend

INFANTICIDE Yesterday morning, about eight o'clock, two little girls were walking on Harlow street, and when near Kenduskeag avenue, a dog which accompanied them discovered something under an old blacksmith shop, which was at first supposed to be the carcass of some small animal. An investigation revealed the object to be the body of a new born infant. It was wrapped in an old sheet and could have been there but a short time, as the body was not thoroughly frozen. The police immediately visited the scene and placed the body in charge of the Coroner. It was neatly placed in a box and buried by the authorities

FOUND DEAD ON THE ICE

Darius Burnham, of Oldtown, the Victim

Yesterday morning, between six and seven o'clock, a man by the name of Ransom Hinckley, of Oldtown, while in search of a fox that had broken away with a piece of chain on his leg, found a man named Darius Burnham lying upon the ice on the main river, above the Cutler & Eddy mill frozen to death. Our informant stated that Mr Burnham, who had been employed by night in the Chapman steam mill had gone out upon the ice, for the purpose of getting a pail of water, when he fell into the open channel and was carried over the dam. He managed in some way to get upon the ice again near the end of the Bradley mills where he was found as above stated. When discovered the unfortunate man had on only his shirt, moccasins and stockings. His pants were found near by. He was lying upon his face. It is supposed that he must have removed his clothing in order to wring out the water, but that during the operation perished from exhaustion and cold. Mr Burnham was a man of about thirty-five years of age, and had a brother living, together with his mother, in Oldtown. According to our informant, he was a skilful mechanic and in some respects was endowed with superior mental powers, but possessed also of an unbalanced mind

CENTRAL CHURCH SABBATH SCHOOL.

The Annual Festival--A Pleasant Occasion

The children connected with the Central Church Sabbath School held their Annual Festival last evening, in the vestry of that church, commencing at six o'clock. The attendance was very large. An abundance of choice refreshments having been brought in by the parents and friends of the children, an excellent supper was served. At the conclusion of this enjoyable feature of the entertainment, a very pleasing order of exercises was introduced, consisting of tableaux, music by the High School Orchestra, accompanied by Miss May Lincoln on the piano, etc. The duet "What are the Wild Waves Saying" was rendered in a charming manner by Misses Alma Haynes and Sadie Parker. A piano solo by Miss Maud Thissell was very finely performed. The members of the High School Orchestra are deserving of much praise for the efficiency manifested in their correct rendering of quite difficult selections. The cornet solo, "Il Trovatore," by Master Adams, calls for special praise. Young Adams displays in his playing much power and a delicacy of manipulation that stamps him as no mean performer. Being heartily encored, he very gracefully responded. Miss May Lincoln, as an accompanist, won deserved praise for her playing. Following the musical exercises, the programme consisted of tableaux made up from Mother Goose Melodies and Kate Greenaway's pictures. Many very little folks took part in the tableaux, which were not only a source of delight to the children, but were of no slight interest even to the older people. The Festival was a happy success, and the gladsome look that beamed in the bright eyes of the little ones, reflecting the joy in their hearts, must have caused the Superintendent and all who assisted to feel well repaid for their trouble.

The importance of the grain trade of California is demonstrated by the fact that during the six months ending Dec. 31, there sailed from San Francisco 3 6 ships with full cargoes, valued at $25,000,000.

STEREOPTICON TALKS.

Mr H H Ragan's Lecture—"Paris, the Magnificent."

In point of numbers the audience at City Hall last evening was not what the very entertaining and instructive lecture by Mr Ragan deserved, but it is hoped that the remaining lectures in this unusually attractive course may be greeted with crowded houses, as they certainly would be if our citizens were aware of their merit. Mr Ragan came among us as a stranger and on the first night labored under the greatest disadvantages which, however, arose through no fault of his. The lecture last evening was entitled "Paris, the Magnificent," and the last word in the title may be fitly used to describe Mr. Ragan's effort and the views which illustrated the lecture. Over fifty superb dissolving views were thrown upon the screen, illustrating the ancient and mediaeval Paris and the city of the present. We have not the space this morning to devote to a synopsis of the lecture. Suffice, that it would have been entertaining and instructive to a Parisian. Mr Ragan closed with an eloquent peroration on the French Republic. We will only add to this very brief report an extract from the Dubuque *Telegraph*, which expresses just what we wish to say. "Mr Ragan has discovered the true 'heart of history,' and uses it as it should be used, to enlighten and lend valuable experiences to the present."

CITY AFFAIRS

The City Council met last evening pursuant to adjournment and transacted the following business

IN BOARD OF ALDERMEN

The Special Committee to whom was referred the subject matter of lease of surplus water power to T N Egery and his associates, made report of progress, and submitted for the consideration of the Council a Resolve unanimously passed by the Water Board recommending the employment of a competent engineer to visit and examine the dam and advise the City Council and Water Board in reference to the whole subject matter now pending before these bodies, with reference to the sale or lease of the surplus water or power created by the dam. The following order was passed

Ordered, That the Water Board be and they are hereby authorized to employ some competent Civil Engineer as soon as practicable to examine the dam and the subject matter of the memorandum of a lease submitted by the Special Committee, and report in writing and especially to report whether the dam referred to in said memorandum will be feasible and put in without detriment to the dam or Water Works

Order to pay the sum of $80 annually for rent of headquarters of 2d Regt of M V M passed

IN COMMON COUNCIL

Concurrent action was taken on all matters acted on by the upper board

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

January (Civil) Term

Chief Justice JOHN A APPLETON presiding
RUEL SMITH Clerk.
MISS ABBIE PULSIFER, of Auburn, Stenographer.

Tuesday Jan 17

Cyrus P Church vs George W Collins. The plaintiff resides in Bradford and the defendant in Bridgewater, Aroostook County

The plaintiff covenanted with the defendant by his indenture made on the 16th day of February, 1880 to put in his time and attention to the building of a first class tannery in said Bridgewater of eighty lay away vats for the manufacture of hemlock sole leather and to supervise the same until its completion, which was to be in eight months from the date of said indenture said tannery to be built on land of said Collins. And the defendant on his part, in consideration of the covenants of the plaintiff covenanted to furnish sufficient money and materials to build said tannery within the eight months aforesaid and to furnish land for the site thereof with certain water rights to supply the demands of said tannery, and to give his time to the building of and putting in good order said tannery, and to stock a store on the premises with goods, furnish a man to tend the same, and divide the profits with the plaintiff, and upon completion of the tannery, as aforesaid to convey an undivided half thereof together with an undivided half of the land on which said tannery was to be erected at the price stipulated in said indenture, and then to form with the plaintiff a copartnership to carry on the business of manufacturing hemlock sole leather. And the plaintiff alleges that in pursuance of the agreements and covenants he went to work erecting said tannery, devoting his whole time to it till the 15th day of August, 1880 and at that time had nearly completed the same with all the necessary out buildings and appliances to commence the business of manufacturing as aforesaid, when by reason of a refusal on the part of the defendant to furnish money, materials, etc, as aforesaid, the plaintiff was unable to proceed further; and that defendant did not carry out his agreement in regard to the store, and the plaintiff alleges that by reason of said breaches of defendant's covenants he has been grievously damaged and for which he claims of the defendant ten thousand dollars

Now the defendant says that in consequence of the destruction of a mill by fire upon which they relied wholly for lumber to complete said tannery, the contract was modified, the plaintiff waiving the time mentioned in the original contract for the completion of the tannery and afterwards, in November, 1880, left without giving notice and brought this suit

Davis & Bailey for pltf

Hutchinson of Houlton, and Varney, for deft.

From West Waterville.

Mr Editor The Executive Committee of the Universalist Parish have extended a call to Rev G G Hamilton, of Yarmouth, to become pastor of the parish. Mr Hamilton preached here some six weeks since but did not then know that he was a candidate for a call from the parish. His answer is expected in about one week

A slight shock of an earthquake was felt here on the afternoon of the 16th; sufficient, however, to jar buildings. The shock seemed to be passing to the east.

The travelling on all the roads centering in our village is now excellent, and business is livelier than for many weeks.

A. B Bates & Son have started the engine in their steam saw mill.

Atlantic Engine Co, are preparing for a minstrel entertainment to take place next Saturday night. Their four "end" men will be hard to beat among amateurs.

Mr. A. P. Soule, teacher of our High School, is interesting himself for the future good of the school by beginning a library, to be owned and controlled by the school. To this the school, with some outside help, will give a Dickens entertainment, to take place in about four weeks. The project receives the support of all our people, and will no doubt place a respectable sum at the disposal of the school. G.

Business Items

Avoid a galloping consumption by the timely use of HALE'S HONEY of HOREHOUND and TAR

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute.

Colden's Liebig's Liquid Beef and Tonic Invigorator imparts strength to body and mind. Take no other. Of Druggists
jan18 eod&w1w

One hundred doses in a bottle, and every bottle makes a cure. Price one dollar. "Elixir of Life Root," the Barker Kidney Remedy. eod&w1w jan18

Heavy's Vegetable Tonic Pills are a special remedy, not a "cure all." They are expressly for Chronic Weaknesses, and always cure. eW1w&w1t jan18

The highest hopes and interest of the race rest on the purity health and strength of womanhood. We take pleasure in referring our readers to the remarkable efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in all that class of diseases from which women suffer so much. 1w19 jan 6

A SHORT ROAD TO HEALTH.

To all who are suffering from boils, ulcers, scrofula, carbuncles, or other obstinate diseases of the blood and skin, a course of Burdock Blood Bitters will be found to be a *short road to health*. Price, $1 00, trial size 10 cents. d&w1w jan16

A PATRIARCH.

Writes, "With a firm, steady hand (not a trembling one), though my age is nearly eighty I give my testimony to the value of Burdock Blood Bitters; for twenty years I suffered tortures indescribable through dyspepsia, indigestion and constipation. I tried hundreds of remedies, but all was money thrown away until I tried your bitters. I give Burdock Blood Bitters the credit for making me strong and hearty." Price, $1 00, trial size 10 cents.
d&w 1w jan16

"I've lived and loved," said an unhappy old maid. "When I was young, Dr Benson's Skin Cure, for tetter, eczema, and pimples on the face, was not to be bought. As I had a rough skin, I kept out of company and am now an old maid.
jan14 d&w1w

A BAPTIST MINISTER'S EXPERIENCE

I am a Baptist Minister, and before I even thought of being a clergyman, I graduated in medicine but left a lucrative practice for my present profession 40 years ago. I was for many years a sufferer from quinsy. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me. I was also troubled with hoarseness, and Thomas' Eclectric Oil always relieved me. My wife and child had diptheria and Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured them, and if taken in time will cure seven times out of ten. I am confident it is a cure for the most obstinate cold or cough and if any one will take a small teaspoon and a half fill it with the Oil, and then place the end of the spoon in one nostril and draw the Oil out of the spoon into the head by sniffing as hard as they can, until the Oil falls over into the throat, and practice that twice a week I don't care how offensive their head may be, it will clean it out and cure their catarrh. For deafness and ear ache it has done wonders to my certain knowledge. It is the only medicine dubbed patent medicines that I have ever felt like recommending, and I am very anxious to see it in every place, for I tell you that I would not be without it in my house for any consideration. I am now suffering with a pain like rheumatism in my right limb, and nothing relieves me like Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Dr. E F. CRANE, Corry Pa.
d&w1wjan16

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

William J. Coughlin of Somerville Mass, says: In the fall of 1876 I was taken with BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the Hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when to my surprise, I commenced to feel better and to-day I feel better than for three years past.

I write this hoping every one afflicted with Diseased Lungs will take DR WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. I can positively say it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness. dlt&w m3 marl2

PILES! PILES! PILES!
A SURE CURE FOUND AT LAST! NO ONE NEED SUFFER!

A sure Cure for Blind Bleeding Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr William, (an Indian remedy) called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 or 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed) acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for piles itching of the private parts, and for nothing else.

Read what the Hon. J. M Coffinberry of Cleveland, says about Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment: I have used scores of Pile Cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave such immediate and permanent relief as Dr William's Indian Ointment.

For sale by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price $1 00
HENRY & CO Proprietors
Cleveland, O.
GEO. C GOODWIN, & CO, Boston Mass, Wholesale Agents
oct 3—deow&wew40

BEDS OF DOWN FEEL HARD

All beds seem hard to the rheumatic. Then hearken ye peevish sufferers. Apply Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil to your aching joints and muscles. Rely upon it that you will experience speedy relief. Such, at least, is the testimony of those who have used it. The remedy is likewise successfully resorted to for throat and lung diseases, sprains, bruises, etc. d&w1w jan16

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

Have you found the key to perfect health and strength? It is Kidney-Wort, the only remedy that overcomes at once the inaction of the kidneys and bowels. It purifies the blood by cleansing the system of foul humors and by giving strength to the liver kidneys and bowels to perform their regular functions. See displayed advertisement

EDUCATED WOMEN.

Refined and educated women will sometimes suffer in silence for years from kidney diseases, or constipation and piles which could easily be cured by a package of Kidney Wort. There is hardly a woman to be found that does not at some time suffer from some of these diseases for which this great remedy is a specific. It is put up in liquid and dry forms, equally efficient.—*Springfield Union*.

SAVE YOUR DOCTOR'S BILL.—When Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will cure coughs, colds, bleeding at the lungs, and arrest the fell destroyer, Consumption, it does more than most physicians can do. The use of a single bottle will satisfy the incredulous that they need look no further for the required aid. 1&w1w jan12

IMPORTANT. When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage, Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the GRAND UNION HOTEL than at any other first-class hotel in the city.
ap29 eodly

DEAL WITH BOWLER & MERRILL FOR 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, BANGOR, IF YOU WISH TO OBTAIN THE VERY BEST AND SAFEST SECURITIES FOR THE INVESTMENT OF TRUST FUNDS AND SAVINGS AT THE LOWEST PRICE
dtf

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS are offered you by the BURLINGTON ROUTE. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue. d&wtjan1'82

CHOICE
Valencia and Florida
ORANGES,
MALAGA GRAPES,
Received at
A. L. BOYD & SON'S.
jan10 eod sn

BLANK BOOKS,
And Stationery, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags and Twine, Full Stock, for Sale by
GLYNN & REYNOLDS
142 Exchange Street
jan1 [illegible]

"The Children's Magazine of America."

ST. NICHOLAS.

This illustrated magazine for young folks is now at a [illegible] that of any other monthly magazine [illegible] It has been called [illegible] as regards its literary excellence and [illegible] merit. It was the first to give to boys and girls the very best illustrations that could be had, and has earned the name of

"The Children's Art Magazine."

The greatest [illegible] writers of Europe and America are among [illegible]

Distinguished Contributors.

Charles Dudley Warner, Henry W. Longfellow, John G. Whittier, [illegible], Saxe Holm, [illegible], Gail Hamilton, Thomas Hughes, Louisa M. Alcott, [illegible], Harriet Prescott Spofford, [illegible], George MacDonald, [illegible], The Goodale Sisters, [illegible], John Hay, [illegible], Rossiter Johnson, [illegible], Edward Eggleston, Prof [illegible], Christina G. Rossetti, Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney, Frances Hodgson Burnett, [illegible], [illegible], T. W. Higginson, [illegible], Noah Brooks, Author of [illegible], Mrs Oliphant, [illegible], and hundreds of others.

What England Says of It.

London Daily News: "We wish we could point out its [illegible] in our own periodical literature."

The Spectator: "[illegible] children's magazines."

Literary World: "There is no magazine for the young that can be said to equal [illegible]"

Brilliant Features of The Coming Year.

The new volume [illegible] November 1881, number [illegible]

SERIAL STORY,
By Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge,

editor of ST NICHOLAS, author of "Hans Brinker, or the Silver Skates" [illegible] story full of lively incident.

"THE HOOSIER SCHOOL BOY,"
By Edward Eggleston,

author of "The Hoosier School-Master" [illegible]

"HOW CHILDREN SHOULD LEARN MUSIC,"
By Richard Wagner,

the eminent composer. [illegible] and The True Story of [illegible] among the features of [illegible] An immense edition [illegible]

CHRISTMAS NUMBER,

which will be ready about December [illegible] Price $3 00 a year [illegible] sellers and newsdealers everywhere [illegible]
THE CENTURY CO [illegible] NEW YORK.
nov [illegible]

ASSIGNEES' SALE
—OF—
Dirigo Slate Quarry.

Pursuant to order of the [illegible] Court for Cumberland County [illegible] Maine, the [illegible] signed as Assignees of the

DIRIGO SLATE QUARRY COMPANY,

will sell at public auction at the [illegible] room of F. O. Bailey & Co. [illegible] Portland Maine on FRIDAY [illegible] March A D 1882 [illegible] real estate of the Dirigo Slate Quarry Company [illegible] in the town of Monson [illegible] State of Maine [illegible] TOGETHER with all BUILDINGS, FIXTURES, [illegible] TOOLS AND [illegible] whatever be on [illegible] about said [illegible] road station [illegible]

[illegible] said property [illegible] be sold in one parcel [illegible] hundred [illegible] payable July 5th A D 1881 [illegible] dred dollars and interest from July [illegible] A D 1881 at six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually

Sale will be positive and to the highest bidder. Terms ten 10 per cent cash [illegible] to the auctioneer, at [illegible] sale payable at the [illegible] said Portland.

Among the appurtenances of [illegible] Quarry.

The real estate is the same [illegible] said Company [illegible] Registry of Deeds [illegible]

Fuller information [illegible] property believed to be on hand [illegible] the Quarry and [illegible] may be had upon application to F. O. Bailey & Co.

The assignees will give no other [illegible] than this notice of sale [illegible]

January 4th, A. D. 1882.
JOSEPH D. TAYLOR, Assignees of Dirigo
WILLIAM B. TOBEY, Slate Quarry Company
jan16 [illegible]

1882.
Harper's Magazine.
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